

OR

- 6 a. What is chirp-z transform? Mention its applications? (06 Marks)
 b. Find the 4-point circular convolution of $x(n)$ and $h(n)$ give below, using radix-2. DIF-FFT algorithm.
 $x(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1\}$
 $h(n) = \{1, 0, 1, 0\}$. (10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Derive an expression for the order, cut of frequency and poles of the low pass Butterworth filter. (08 Marks)
 b. A Butterworth low pass filter has to meet the following specifications.
 i) Pass band gain, $k_p = -1$ dB at $\Omega_p = 4$ rad/sec
 ii) Stop band attenuation greater than or equal to 20dB at $\Omega_s = 8$ rad/sec
 Determine the transfer function $H_a(s)$ of the Butterworth filter to meet the above specifications. (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. A third-order Butterworth low pass filter has the transfer function :

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2+s+1)}$$

Design $H(z)$ using impulse invariant technique. (10 Marks)

- b. List the advantages and disadvantages of IIR filters. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. A linear time-invariant digital IIR filter is specified by the following transfer function :

$$H(z) = \frac{(z-1)(z-2)(z+1)z}{[z-(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}j)][z-(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}j)][z - j\frac{1}{4}][z + j\frac{1}{4}]}$$

Realize the system in the following forms : i) direct form-I ii) Direct form-II. (12 Marks)

- b. Obtain a cascade realization for the system function given below :

$$H(z) = \frac{(1+z^{-1})^3}{(1-\frac{1}{4}z^{-1})(1-z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2})}$$

(04 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain the following terms :

- i) Rectangular window
 ii) Bartlett window
 iii) Hamming window. (08 Marks)

- b. A filter is to be designed with the following desired frequency response :

$$H_d(\omega) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi/4 < \omega < \pi/4 \\ e^{-j2\omega}, & \pi/4 < |\omega| < \pi \end{cases}$$

Find the frequency response of the FIR filter designed using rectangular window defined below :

$$\omega_R(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(08 Marks)
